74002	Name:	C2H5OOCH
1		Ethyl formate,
Jan. 1996		trans and gauche
J. C. Pearson		
60671	Q(300.0) =	120097.057
2000	Q(225.0) =	79160.238
70	Q(150.0) =	41231.375
-8.0	Q(75.00) =	12254.662
-8.0	Q(37.50) =	3632.345
0.0	Q(18.75) =	1197.204
0.0	Q(9.375) =	421.579
1.85	A=	17746.7
0.69	B=	2904.7
0.0	C =	2579.1
	74002 1 Jan. 1996 J. C. Pearson 60671 2000 70 -8.0 -8.0 0.0 0.0 1.85 0.69 0.0	74002Name:1Jan. 1996J. C. Pearson 60671 $Q(300.0) =$ 2000 $Q(225.0) =$ 70 $Q(150.0) =$ -8.0 $Q(75.00) =$ -8.0 $Q(37.50) =$ 0.0 $Q(18.75) =$ 0.0 $Q(9.375) =$ 1.85 $A =$ 0.69 $B =$ 0.0 $C =$

Ethyl formate is found in two conformers, trans and gauche. The trans form is denoted by state 0 while the gauche form is state 1. The dipoles and rotational constants given are for the lower energy trans form which is about $60 \pm 20 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ below the gauche form. There is no evidence that the two forms interact in the ground state. Lines and dipoles were taken from: J. M. Riveros and E. B. Wilson, 1967, J. Chem. Phys. **46**, 4605. R. Meyer and E. B. Wilson, 1970, J. Chem. Phys. **53**, 3969. J. Demaison, D. Boucher, J. Burie, and A. Dubrulle, 1984, Z. Naturforsch. **39a**, 560.

The gauche form has the following dipole moments $\mu_a = 1.44$ D, $\mu_b = 1.05$ D, $\mu_c = 0.25$ D.